





Safety Data Sheet dated 01/01/2025

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade code and name: SEFLOW HS CLEARCOAT

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

2K acrylic clearcoat for autobody use.

Only for professional use.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:

Automotive Paint Systems Ltd

Unit 14 Tonge Bridge Industrial Estate, Tonge Bridge Way, Bolton, BL2 6BD

Tel. +44 01204 393 332

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet:

automotivepaintsystems@yahoo.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

<u>Tel. NHŚ</u> 111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

EC regulation criteria 1272/2008 (CLP)

♦ Warning, Flam. Liq. 3, Flammable liquid and vapour.

- ♦ Warning, Skin Sens. 1A, May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- ♦ Warning, STOT SE 3, May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Aquatic Chronic 2, Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms:



Warning

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from open flames - No smoking..

P260 Do not breathe vapours or spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Special Provisions:

None

Contains

n-butyl acetate

Naphtha - hydrocarbons C9 aromatics

Reaction mass: Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl

1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

Benzotriazol derivates: May produce an allergic reaction.

Phorphorous acid, trisodecyl ester

Pentaerythritol tetrakis(3-mercaptopropionate)

isobutyl methacrylate Dibutyltin dilaurate

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None

2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

Other Hazards:

No other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Number	•	Classification
>= 25% - < 30%	n-butyl acetate	Index number: CAS: EC: REACH No.:	607-025-00-1 123-86-4 204-658-1 01- 2119485493- 29	◆ 2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226◆ 3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H336EUH066
>= 10% - < 12.5%	Naphtha - hydrocarbons C9 aromatics	CAS: EC: REACH No.:	64742-95-6 918-668-5 01- 2119455851- 35	 ◆ 2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226 ◆ 3.10/1 Asp. Tox. 1 H304 ◆ 3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H335 ◆ 3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H336 ◆ 4.1/C2 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 EUH066
>= 5% - < 7%	ethyl 3- ethoxypropionate	CAS: EC: REACH No.:	763-69-9 212-112-9 01- 2119463267- 34	◆ 2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226 EUH066
>= 1% - < 3%	2-butoxyethyl acetate	Index number: CAS: EC: REACH No.:	607-038-00-2 112-07-2 203-933-3 01- 2119475112- 47	
>= 0.5% - < 1%	Benzotriazol derivates	Index number: CAS: EC: REACH No.:	607-176-00-3 104810-48-2 400-830-7 01- 0000015075- 76	 \$\ldot 3.4.2/1-1A-1B\$ Skin Sens. 1,1A, 1B H317 \$\ldot 4.1/C2\$ Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
>= 0.25% - < 0.5%	Reaction mass: Bis(1,2,2,6,6- pentamethyl-4-	CAS:	1065336-91-5	

	piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6, 6-pentamethyl-4- piperidyl sebacate	EC: REACH No.:	915-687-0 01- 2119491304- 40	 \$3.7/2 Repr. 2 H361 \$4.1/A1 Aquatic Acute 1 H400 \$4.1/C1 Aquatic Chronic 1 H410
>= 0.25% - < 0.5%	Phorphorous acid, trisodecyl ester	CAS: EC: REACH No.:	77745-66-5 278-758-9 01- 2119487302- 40	
>= 0.25% - < 0.5%	Pentaerythritol tetrakis(3- mercaptopropionate)	CAS: EC: REACH No.:	7575-23-7 231-472-8 01- 2119486981- 23	 \$3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302 \$3.4.2/1 Skin Sens. 1 H317 \$4.1/A1 Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=10. \$4.1/C1 Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=10.
>= 0.1% - < 0.25%	isobutyl methacrylate	Index number: CAS: EC: REACH No.:	607-113-00-X 97-86-9 202-613-0 01- 2119488331- 38	 2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226 3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H335 3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 3.4.2/1B Skin Sens. 1B H317
>= 0.1% - < 0.25%	Dibutyltin dilaurate	Index number: CAS: EC: REACH No.:	050-030-00-3 77-58-7 201-039-8 01- 2119496068- 27	

This product is not classified as H304 due to its high viscosity.

All component substances of this product have been registered under REACH or are exempt from REACH registration.

Substances in Section 3 not showing REACH registration codes are exempt from registration.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap. If irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

In case of eyes contact:

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. In case of Ingestion:

SEEK A MEDICAL EXAMINATION IMMEDIATELY and present the safety-data sheet. In case of Inhalation:

Ventilate the premises. The patient is to be removed immediately from the contaminated premises to rest in a well-ventilated area. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See section 11 for known symptoms and effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment:

None

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

CO2 or Dry chemical fire extinguisher.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

Do not use water jets. Water may not be effective firefighting measure, however it can be used to cool closed

containers close to flames as to avoid bursting and exploding.

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke. Carbon oxides.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Remove people to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow it to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow it to enter into surface water or drains. Retain contaminated water and dispose of it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible

absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating

areas. Do not eat or drink while working.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Always keep in a well-ventilated place.

Store at below 20 °C. Keep away from unguarded flame and heat sources. Avoid direct

exposure to sunlight.

Keep away from unguarded flames, sparks, and heat sources. Avoid direct exposure to sunlight.

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Cool and adequately ventilated.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See Point 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

n-butyl acetate - CAS: 123-86-4

EU - TWA(8h): 241 mg/m3, 50 ppm - STEL: 723 mg/m3, 150 ppm ACGIH - TWA(8h): 50 ppm - STEL: 150 ppm - Notes: Eye and URT irr

Naphtha - hydrocarbons C9 aromatics - CAS: 64742-95-6

EU - TWA(8h): 100 mg/m3, 19 ppm ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate - CAS: 763-69-9

EU - TWA(8h): 50 ppm - STEL(): 100 ppm

2-butoxyethyl acetate - CAS: 112-07-2

EU - TWA(8h): 133 mg/m3, 20 ppm - STEL: 333 mg/m3, 50 ppm - Notes: Skin

ACGIH - TWA(8h): 20 ppm - Notes: A3 - Hemolysis

Dibutyltin dilaurate - CAS: 77-58-7

EU - TWA: 0.10 mg/m3 - STEL: 0.20 mg/m3 - Notes: Pelle

ACGIH - TWA(8h): 0.10 mg/m3 - STEL(): 0.20 mg/m3

DNEL Exposure Limit Values

n-butyl acetate - CAS: 123-86-4

Consumer: 102.34 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects

Worker Professional: 960 mg/m³ - Consumer: 859.7 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects

Worker Professional: 960 mg/m³ - Consumer: 859.7 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, local effects

Worker Professional: 480 mg/m³ - Consumer: 102.34 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Professional: 480 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects

Naphtha - hydrocarbons C9 aromatics - CAS: 64742-95-6

Worker Professional: 25 mg/kg - Consumer: 11 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Professional: 150 mg/m³ - Consumer: 32 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Consumer: 11 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate - CAS: 763-69-9

Worker Professional: 24.2 mg/kg - Consumer: 24.2 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Professional: 24.2 mg/kg - Consumer: 24.2 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, local effects

Worker Professional: 72.6 mg/m³ - Consumer: 72.6 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Professional: 72.6 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects

Consumer: 1.2 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects 2-butoxyethyl acetate - CAS: 112-07-2

Worker Professional: 133 mg/m³ - Consumer: 67 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Consumer: 27 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects - Notes: bw/day

Consumer: 4.3 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

- Notes: bw/day Consumer: 18 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects - Notes: bw/day Worker Professional: 773 mg/m³ - Consumer: 499 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation -Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 333 mg/m³ - Consumer: 166 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation -Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Professional: 102 mg/kg - Consumer: 36 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal -Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects - Notes: bw/day Reaction mass: Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate - CAS: 1065336-91-5 Worker Professional: 1.27 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 1.8 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 0.9 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 0.31 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 0.18 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Dibutvltin dilaurate - CAS: 77-58-7 Worker Industry: 1 mg/kg - Consumer: 0.5 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal -Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects - Notes: mg/kg bw Worker Industry: 0.2 mg/kg - Consumer: 0.08 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal -Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects - Notes: mg/kg bw/ day Worker Industry: 0.07 mg/m³ - Consumer: 0.02 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation -Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 0.01 mg/m³ - Consumer: 0.003 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation -Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 0.01 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects - Notes: mg/kg bw **PNEC Exposure Limit Values** n-butyl acetate - CAS: 123-86-4 Target: STP - Value: 35.6 mg/l Target: Fresh Water - Value: 0.18 mg/l Target: Marine water - Value: 0.01 mg/l Target: Intermittent emissions - Value: 0.36 mg/l Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 0.98 mg/kg Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.09 mg/kg Target: Soil - Value: 0.09 mg/kg ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate - CAS: 763-69-9 Target: Fresh Water - Value: 0.0609 mg/l Target: Marine water - Value: 0.00609 mg/l Target: Intermittent emissions - Value: 0.609 mg/l Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 0.419 mg/kg Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 0.048 mg/kg 2-butoxyethyl acetate - CAS: 112-07-2 Target: Purification plant - Value: 90 mg/l Target: Fresh Water - Value: 0.304 mg/l Target: Marine water - Value: 0.0304 mg/l Target: Intermittent emissions - Value: 0.56 mg/l Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 2.03 mg/kg Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.203 mg/kg Target: Soil - Value: 0.68 mg/kg Target: Oral - Value: 0.06 g/kg Reaction mass: Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate - CAS: 1065336-91-5 Target: Fresh Water - Value: 0.0022 mg/l

Target: Marine water - Value: 0.00022 mg/l Target: Intermittent emissions - Value: 0.009 mg/l Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 1.05 mg/kg

Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.11 mg/kg

Target: Soil - Value: 0.21 mg/kg
Target: Purification plant - Value: 1 mg/l

Dibutyltin dilaurate - CAS: 77-58-7

Target: Fresh Water - Value: 0.463 μg/L Target: Marine water - Value: 0.0463 μg/L

Target: 14 - Value: 4.63 µg/L

Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 0.05 mg/kg Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.005 mg/kg

Target: Soil - Value: 0.0407 mg/kg Target: Purification plant - Value: 100 mg/l Target: Ingestion - Value: 0.2 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles and/or visor conforming to BS 2092 GRADE 1).

Protection for skin:

Wear safety clothing that ensures full skin protection in accordance to EN 14605 Type 4 in case of spills or spray (e.g. Tyrek). Please note: safety clothing must be changed immediately if it comes in contact with product.

Protection for hands:

Use protective gloves that provide comprehensive protection, EN374 Class 3 (B-F-I).

Permeation time > 60 minutes; 0.4 mm thickness.

Respiratory protection:

Use adequate protective respiratory devices, using Filter "A" (Brown colour) for organic gas and vapors with boiling points over 65°C.

Thermal Hazards:

None

Environmental exposure controls:

Emissions from ventilation systems or from work processes must be checked as to ensure compliance to environmental protection legislation. In some cases the addition of vapour scrubbers, filters or other system modification may be necessary in order to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Appropriate engineering controls:

. None

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Method:	Notes
Physical state:	Liquid		
Colour:	N.A.		
Odour:	Typical of solvent		
Odour threshold:	N.D.		
Melting point/freezing point:	N.D.		
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	124°C		

Flammability:	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
Lower and upper explosion limit:	0,7 vol - 7,0 % vol		
Flash point:	27 °C		
Auto-ignition temperature:	415°C		
Decomposition temperature:	N.D.		
pH:	N.A.		
Kinematic viscosity:	> 20,5 mm2/ sec (40 °C)		
Solubility in water:	Insoluble		
Solubility in oil:	N.D.		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):			
Vapour pressure:	11.6 mbar		
Density and/or relative density:	0.984 g/cm³		
Relative vapour density:	> 1		
Particle characteristics:			
Particle size:	N.A.		

9.2. Other information

C.E. Caror information			
Properties	Value	Method:	Notes
Explosive properties:	N.D.		
Evaporation rate:	N.D.		
Viscosity:	> 20.5 mm²/s (40°C)		
Oxidizing properties:	N.D.		

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity 10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended use and storage conditions (see point 7).

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

It may generate flammable gases on contact with elementary metals (alkalis and alkaline earth), and nitrides.

It may catch fire on contact with oxidising mineral acids, powerful oxidising agents, and powerful reducing agents.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid accumulating electrostatic charge.

Stable under normal conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with combustible materials. The product could catch fire.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicological information of the product:

N.Ā.

Toxicological information of the main substances found in the product:

n-butyl acetate - CAS: 123-86-4

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat > 6400 mg/kg Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg

Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat = 21.1 mg/l - Duration: 4h

Naphtha - hydrocarbons C9 aromatics - CAS: 64742-95-6

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat > 6193 mg/m3 - Source: OECD 403 Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 3492 mg/kg - Source: OECD 401

Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 3160 mg/kg - Source: OECD 402

ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate - CAS: 763-69-9

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 4.309 mg/kg Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit = 4.080 mg/kg Test: LD50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat > 998 ppm

2-butoxyethyl acetate - CAS: 112-07-2

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 2400 mg/kg Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Mouse = 3200 mg/kg

Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rat = 1580 mg/kg

Benzotriazol derivates - CAS: 104810-48-2

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat > 5000 mg/kg Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat > 5.8 mg/l Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rat > 2000 mg/kg

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Test: Skin Sensitization - Route: Skin - Species: GUINEA PIG Positive Reaction mass: Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl

1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate - CAS: 1065336-91-5

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 3.230 mg/kg

isobutyl methacrylate - CAS: 97-86-9

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Mouse = 11990 g/kg

Dibutyltin dilaurate - CAS: 77-58-7

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 2071 mg/kg Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

c) serious eye damage/irritation:

Test: Eye Irritant Positive

e) germ cell mutagenicity:

Test: Mutagenesis Positive

n-butyl acetate - CAS: 123-86-4

Components of the product can be absorbed by the body by inhalation. Main symptoms: Dizziness, narcosis, Cough, nausea, vomiting, headache, unconsciousness, shortness of breath. Repeated exposure can cause skin dryness and cracking.

Naphtha - hydrocarbons C9 aromatics - CAS: 64742-95-6

Inhalation: Vapor concentrations above recommended exposure levels are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anesthetic and may cause other central nervous system effects. Contact with the skin: Low index of toxicity Frequent or prolonged contact can dry the skin favoring the onset of dermatitis. Eye Contact: May cause slight eye discomfort with mild irritation but does not damage eye tissue. Ingestion: even small quantities of liquid introduced into the respiratory system during ingestion or by vomiting, can cause bronchopneumonia or pulmonary edema. minimal index of toxicity.

If not differently specified, the information required in Regulation (EU)2020/878 listed below must be considered as N.A.:

- a) acute toxicity;
- b) skin corrosion/irritation;
- c) serious eye damage/irritation;
- d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;
- e) germ cell mutagenicity;
- f) carcinogenicity;
- g) reproductive toxicity;
- h) STOT-single exposure;
- i) STOT-repeated exposure;
- i) aspiration hazard.
- 11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

SECTION 12: Ecological information

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12.1. Toxicity
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Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment. n-butyl acetate - CAS: 123-86-4

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 44 mg/l - Duration h: 48 Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae = 648 mg/l - Duration h: 72 Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 18 mg/l - Duration h: 96

Naphtha - hydrocarbons C9 aromatics - CAS: 64742-95-6

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 3.2 mg/l - Duration h: 48 Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae = 2.9 mg/l - Duration h: 72 Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 9.2 mg/l - Duration h: 96

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae = 1 mg/l - Duration h: 72 - Notes: NOELR

Benzotriazol derivates - CAS: 104810-48-2

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Daphnia = 4 mg/l - Duration h: 48

Reaction mass: Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl

1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate - CAS: 1065336-91-5

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 0.97 mg/l - Duration h: 96 - Notes: Lepomis macrochirus, OECD 203

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 7.9 mg/l - Duration h: 96 - Notes: Oncorhynchus mykiss, OECD 203

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 0.9 mg/l - Duration h: 96 - Notes: Brachydanio rerio, OECD

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 20 mg/l - Duration h: 24 Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae = 1.68 mg/l - Duration h: 72

Dibutyltin dilaurate - CAS: 77-58-7

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia < 0.463 mg/l - Duration h: 48

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity:

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae > 1 mg/l - Duration h: 72

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Non-readily biodegradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not bioaccumulative

12.4. Mobility in soil

Do not mix with waste water, rain or surface water. Floats on water, evaporates from liquid and solid surfaces but a significant amount may penetrate and pollute water table.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

12.7. Other adverse effects

None

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

The empty containers must be considered special waste materials to take to dump of type 2B. If previously cleansed, they can be admitted in first class dumps.

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force. DO NOT discharge into sewers, watercourses, ponds, canals or ditches. Empty product containers must be completely drained and stored safely until appropriately processed or disposed. Empty containers must be recycled, recovered or disposed of by a qualified and authorized company operating in compliance with current recycling, recovery and disposal regulations. It is advisable to provide the disposal company with all safety information of the material contained in the empty packaging. DO NOT pressurize, DO NOT cut, DO NOT weld, DO NOT puncture, DO NOT crush, DO NOT expose empty containers to heat, flames, sparks, electrostatic discharge or other sources of ignition.

SECTION 14: Transport information



Limited quantities, not subject to ADR norms for internal packaging of up to 5 litres and maximum packaging of 30kg.

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR-UN Number: 1263 IATA-UN Number: 1263 IMDG-UN Number: 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: PAINT IATA-Shipping Name: PAINT IMDG-Shipping Name: PAINT

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: 3
ADR-Label: 3

ADR - Hazard identification number: 30

IATA-Class: 3

IATA-Label: 3 IMDG-Class: 3 IMDG-Class: 3 14.4. Packing group Ш ADR-Packing Group: IATA-Packing group: Ш IMDG-Packing group: Ш 14.5. Environmental hazards ADR-Environmental Pollutant: No IMDG-Marine pollutant: No IMDG-EmS: F-E , S-E 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR-Subsidiary hazards:

ADR-S.P.: 163 367 640E 650

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): 3 (D/E)

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: 355 IATA-Subsidiary hazards: IATA-Cargo Aircraft: 366

IATA-S.P.: A3 A72 A192

IATA-ERG: IMDG-Page: 3372 IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: IMDG-MFAG: 310 IMDG-Stowage and handling: Category A

IMDG-Segregation:

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH) Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation

(EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product:

Restriction 3

Restriction 40

Restrictions related to the substances contained:

Restriction 30 Restriction 70

Restriction 75

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs =467.97 g/Kg= 460.49 g/l

Volatile CMR substances = 0.00 %

Halogenated VOCs which are assigned the risk phrase R40 = 0.00 %

Organic Carbon - C = 0.31

Dry weight (% wt):53.20

Where applicable, refer to the following regulatory provisions:

Directive 2012/18/EU (Seveso III)

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (detergents).

Dir. 2004/42/EĆ (VOC directive)

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

Seveso III category according to Annex 1, part 1

Product belongs to category: P5c, E2

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of phrases referred to in Section 3:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Hazard class and hazard category	Code	Description	
Flam. Liq. 3	2.6/3	Flammable liquid, Category 3	
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Dermal	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4	
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Inhal	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 4	
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Oral	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4	
Asp. Tox. 1	3.10/1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1	
Skin Irrit. 2	3.2/2	Skin irritation, Category 2	

Eye Irrit. 2	3.3/2	Eye irritation, Category 2	
Skin Sens. 1 3.4.2/1		Skin Sensitisation, Category 1	
Skin Sens. 1,1A,1B	3.4.2/1-1A-1B	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1,1A,1B	
Skin Sens. 1A	3.4.2/1A	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A	
Skin Sens. 1B	3.4.2/1B	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1B	
Muta. 2	3.5/2	Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 2	
Repr. 1A	3.7/1A	Reproductive toxicity, Category 1A	
Repr. 2	3.7/2	Reproductive toxicity, Category 2	
STOT SE 1	3.8/1	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 1	
STOT SE 3	3.8/3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3	
STOT RE 1	3.9/1	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 1	
Aquatic Acute 1	4.1/A1	Acute aquatic hazard, category 1	
Aquatic Chronic 1	4.1/C1	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 1	
Aquatic Chronic 2	4.1/C2	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 2	
Aquatic Chronic 4	4.1/C4	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 4	

This safety data sheet has been completely updated in compliance to Regulation 2020/878. Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Sens. 1A, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training. Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality. It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical

Society).

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of

Chemicals.

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.

KSt: Explosion coefficient.

LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.

LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.

N.A.: Not available N.D.: Not determined.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Rail.

STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.
TWA: Time-weighted average